

DS90LV011A 3V LVDS Single High Speed Differential Driver

General Description

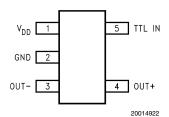
The DS90LV011A is a single LVDS driver device optimized for high data rate and low power applications. The DS90LV011A is a current mode driver allowing power dissipation to remain low even at high frequency. In addition, the short circuit fault current is also minimized. The device is designed to support data rates in excess of 400Mbps (200MHz) utilizing Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) technology.

The device is in both a 5-lead small outline transistor package and a new LLP-8 package with a 3mm x 3mm body size. The LVDS outputs have been arranged for easy PCB layout. The differential driver outputs provide low EMI with its typical low output swing of 350 mV. The DS90LV011A can be paired with its companion single line receiver, the DS90LV012A, or with any of National's LVDS receivers, to provide a high-speed LVDS interface.

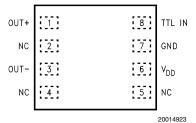
Features

- Conforms to TIA/EIA-644-A Standard
- >400Mbps (200MHz) switching rates
- 700 ps (100 ps typical) maximum differential skew
- 1.5 ns maximum propagation delay
- Single 3.3V power supply
- ±350 mV differential signaling
- Power Off Protection (outputs in TRI-STATE)
- Pinout simplifies PCB layout
- Low power dissipation (23 mW @ 3.3V typical)
- SOT-23 5-lead package
- Leadless LLP-8 package (3x3 mm body size)
- SOT-23 version pin compatible with SN65LVDS1
- Fabricated with advanced CMOS process technology
- Industrial temperature operating range (-40°C to +85°C)

Connection Diagrams

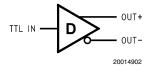


(Top View)
Order Number DS90LV011ATMF
See NS Package Number MF05A



(Top View)
Order Number DS90LV011ATLD
See NS Package Number LDA08A

Functional Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation @ +25°C

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{LDA Package} & 2.26 \text{ W} \\ \text{Derate LDA Package} & 18.1 \text{ mW/°C above } +25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Thermal resistance } (\theta_{\text{JA}}) & 55.3 ^{\circ}\text{C/Watt} \\ \text{MF Package} & 902 \text{ mW} \\ \text{Derate MF Package} & 7.22 \text{ mW/°C above } +25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}$

Thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) 138.5°C/Watt Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature Range Soldering

(4 sec.) +260°C

Maximum Junction

Temperature +150°C

ESD Ratings

 HBM (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)
 ≥ 9kV

 EIAJ (0 Ω, 200 pF)
 ≥ 900V

 CDM (0 Ω, 0 pF)
 ≥ 2000V

 IEC direct (330 Ω, 150 pF)
 ≥ 4kV

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V _{DD})	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Temperature (T _A)	-40	+25	+85	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified. (Notes 2, 3, 8)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Units
IV _{OD} I	Output Differential Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$		OUT+,	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	V _{OD} Magnitude Change	(Figure 1 and Figure 2)		OUT-		3	35	mV
V _{os}	Offset Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$			1.125	1.22	1.375	V
ΔV_{OS}	Offset Magnitude Change	(Figure 1)			0	1	25	mV
I _{OFF}	Power-off Leakage	$V_{OUT} = 3.6V$ or GND, $V_{DD} = 0V$]		±1	±10	μA
l _{os}	Output Short Circuit Current (Note 4)	V_{OUT+} and $V_{OUT-} = 0V$				-6	-24	mA
l _{osp}	Differential Output Short Circuit Current (Note 4)	$V_{OD} = 0V$				- 5	-12	mA
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance			1		3		pF
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage			TTL IN	2.0		V_{DD}	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage				GND		0.8	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	V _{IN} = 3.3V or 2.4V				±2	±10	μA
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	V _{IN} = GND or 0.5V				±1	±10	μΑ
V _{CL}	Input Clamp Voltage	I _{CL} = -18 mA			-1.5	-0.6		V
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance					3		pF
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current	No Load	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND	V _{DD}		5	8	mA
		$R_L = 100\Omega$				7	10	mA

Switching Characteristics

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature Ranges, unless otherwise specified. (Notes 3, 5, 6, 7)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t _{PHLD}	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	$R_L = 100\Omega, C_L = 15 pF$	0.3	1.0	1.5	ns
t _{PLHD}	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High	(Figure 3 and Figure 4)	0.3	1.1	1.5	ns
t _{SKD1}	Differential Pulse Skew It _{PHLD} - t _{PLHD} I (Note 9)		0	0.1	0.7	ns
t _{SKD3}	Differential Part to Part Skew (Note 10)		0	0.2	1.0	ns
t _{SKD4}	Differential Part to Part Skew (Note 11)		0	0.4	1.2	ns
t _{TLH}	Transition Low to High Time		0.2	0.5	1.0	ns
t _{THL}	Transition High to Low Time		0.2	0.5	1.0	ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency (Note 12)		200	250		MHz

www.national.com 2

Switching Characteristics (Continued)

- **Note 1:** "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.
- Note 2: Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except VOD.
- **Note 3:** All typicals are given for: $V_{DD} = +3.3V$ and $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.
- Note 4: Output short circuit current (I_{OS}) is specified as magnitude only, minus sign indicates direction only.
- Note 5: These parameters are guaranteed by design. The limits are based on statistical analysis of the device performance over PVT (process, voltage, temperature) ranges.
- Note 6: C_L includes probe and fixture capacitance.
- Note 7: Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: f = 1 MHz, $Z_O = 50\Omega$, $t_f \le 1$ ns, $t_f \le 1$ ns (10%-90%).
- Note 8: The DS90LV011A is a current mode device and only function with datasheet specification when a resistive load is applied to the drivers outputs.
- Note 9: t_{SKD1}, lt_{PHLD} t_{PLHD}I, is the magnitude difference in differential propagation delay time between the positive going edge and the negative going edge of the same channel.
- Note 10: t_{SKD3}, Differential Part to Part Skew, is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum specified differential propagation delays. This specification applies to devices at the same V_{DD} and within 5°C of each other within the operating temperature range.
- Note 11: t_{SKD4} , part to part skew, is the differential channel to channel skew of any event between devices. This specification applies to devices over recommended operating temperature and voltage ranges, and across process distribution. t_{SKD4} is defined as IMax MinI differential propagation delay.
- Note 12: f_{MAX} generator input conditions: $t_f = t_f < 1$ ns (0% to 100%), 50% duty cycle, 0V to 3V. Output criteria: duty cycle = 45%/55%, $V_{OD} > 250mV$. The parameter is guaranteed by design. The limit is based on the statistical analysis of the device over the PVT range by the transitions times (t_{TLH} and t_{THL}).

Parameter Measurement Information

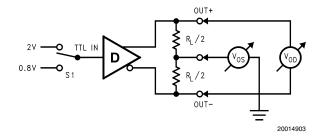


FIGURE 1. Differential Driver DC Test Circuit

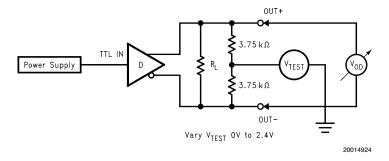


FIGURE 2. Differential Driver Full Load DC Test Circuit

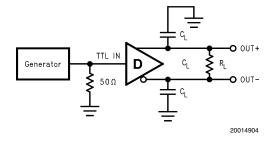


FIGURE 3. Differential Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

3 www.national.com

Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)

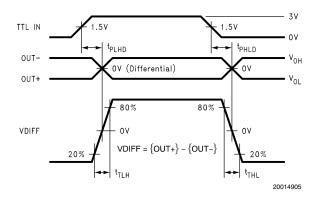


FIGURE 4. Differential Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms

Application Information

TABLE 1. Device Pin Descriptions

Package P	Package Pin Number		Description	
SOT23	LLP	Pin Name	Description	
5	8	TTL IN	LVTTL/LVCMOS driver input pins	
4	1	OUT+	Non-inverting driver output pin	
3	3	OUT-	Inverting driver output pin	
2	7	GND	Ground pin	
1	6	V _{DD}	Power supply pin, +3.3V ± 0.3V	
	2, 4, 5	NC	No connect	

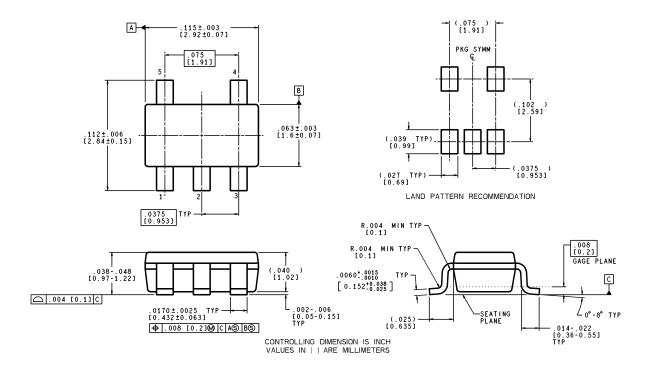
PC Board Considerations:

For PC board considerations for the LLP package, please refer to application note AN-1187 "Leadless Leadframe Package." It is important to note that to optimize signal integrity (minimize jitter and noise coupling), the LLP thermal

land pad, which is a metal (normally copper) rectangular region located under the package, should be attached to ground and match the dimensions of the exposed pad on the PCB (1:1 ratio).

www.national.com

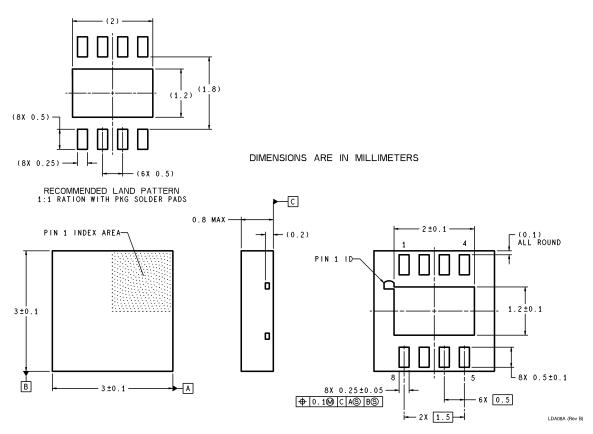
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



MF05A (Rev A)

5-Lead SOT23, JEDEC MO-178, 1.6mm Order Number DS90LV011ATMF NS Package Number MF05A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



LLP-8, 3mm x 3mm Body Order Number DS90LV011ATLD **NS Package Number LDA08A**

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



Email: support@nsc.com

www.national.com

National Semiconductor Europe

Fax: +49 (0) 180-530 85 86 Email: europe.support@nsc.com

Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 69 9508 6208 English Tel: +44 (0) 870 24 0 2171 Français Tel: +33 (0) 1 41 91 8790

National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Customer Response Group Tel: 65-2544466

Fax: 65-2504466 Email: ap.support@nsc.com **National Semiconductor** Tel: 81-3-5639-7560

Fax: 81-3-5639-7507